CARF Accreditation Report for Florida State Hospital

Three-Year Accreditation



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About CARF

CARF is an independent, nonprofit accreditor of health and human services, enhancing the lives of persons served worldwide.

The accreditation process applies CARF's internationally recognized standards during a site survey conducted by peer surveyors. Accreditation, however, is an ongoing process that distinguishes a provider's service delivery and signals to the public that the provider is committed to continuous performance improvement, responsive to feedback, and accountable to the community and its other stakeholders.

CARF accreditation promotes providers' demonstration of value and Quality Across the Lifespan® of millions of persons served through application of rigorous organizational and program standards organized around the ASPIRE to Excellence® continuous quality improvement framework. CARF accreditation has been the recognized benchmark of quality health and human services for more than 50 years.

For more information or to contact CARF, please visit <u>www.carf.org/contact-us</u>.

Organization

Florida State Hospital 100 North Main Street Chattahoochee, FL 32324

Organizational Leadership

Edward John Polisknowski, III, Hospital Administrator

Survey Number

157056

Survey Date(s)

July 11, 2022–July 13, 2022

Surveyor(s)

Jennifer R. Salisbury, BS, Administrative John A. Ahman, MA, LADC, Program Randall C. Cole, MSA, NCACII, CACII, CCFC, Program

Program(s)/Service(s) Surveyed

Inpatient Treatment: Mental Health (Adults)

Previous Survey

September 26, 2018–September 28, 2018 Three-Year Accreditation

Accreditation Decision

Three-Year Accreditation Expiration: June 30, 2025

Executive Summary

This report contains the findings of CARF's site survey of Florida State Hospital conducted July 11, 2022–July 13, 2022. This report includes the following information:

- Documentation of the accreditation decision and the basis for the decision as determined by CARF's consideration of the survey findings.
- Identification of the specific program(s)/service(s) and location(s) to which this accreditation decision applies.
- Identification of the CARF surveyor(s) who conducted the survey and an overview of the CARF survey process and how conformance to the standards was determined.
- Feedback on the organization's strengths and recognition of any areas where the organization demonstrated exemplary conformance to the standards.
- Documentation of the specific sections of the CARF standards that were applied on the survey.
- Recommendations for improvement in any areas where the organization did not meet the minimum requirements to demonstrate full conformance to the standards.
- Any consultative suggestions documented by the surveyor(s) to help the organization improve its program(s)/service(s) and business operations.

Accreditation Decision

On balance, Florida State Hospital demonstrated substantial conformance to the standards. Florida State Hospital provides inpatient mental health treatment to adults. The services provided are highly valued and well regarded by stakeholders and the community. The organization is designed and operated to benefit the patients. Its strong framework of policies, procedures, plans, and systems provides a firm foundation for the programs and services provided. Among its many strengths are its strong, effective, and vision-focused leadership and skilled, hardworking staff members. Staff members are dedicated to the delivery of high-quality, individualized treatment and services based on best practices and the CARF standards. They carry out their responsibilities with leadership's support and appreciation for and satisfaction with the organization and its services and staff members. Florida State Hospital incorporates the CARF standards into its day-to-day service delivery practices and business functions. Opportunities for improvement include supervision of direct service personnel, cultural competency and diversity planning, medication management, and revising incident reporting policies. The leadership and staff members were receptive to the consultation and other feedback provided during this survey.

Florida State Hospital appears likely to maintain and/or improve its current method of operation and demonstrates a commitment to ongoing quality improvement. Florida State Hospital is required to submit a post-survey Quality Improvement Plan (QIP) to CARF that addresses all recommendations identified in this report.

Florida State Hospital has earned a Three-Year Accreditation. The leadership team and staff are complimented and congratulated for this achievement. In order to maintain this accreditation, throughout the term of accreditation, the organization is required to:

- Submit annual reporting documents and other required information to CARF, as detailed in the Accreditation Policies and Procedures section in the standards manual.
- Maintain ongoing conformance to CARF's standards, satisfy all accreditation conditions, and comply with all
 accreditation policies and procedures, as they are published and made effective by CARF.

Survey Details

Survey Participants

The survey of Florida State Hospital was conducted by the following CARF surveyor(s):

- Jennifer R. Salisbury, BS, Administrative
- John A. Ahman, MA, LADC, Program
- Randall C. Cole, MSA, NCACII, CACII, CCFC, Program

CARF considers the involvement of persons served to be vital to the survey process. As part of the accreditation survey for all organizations, CARF surveyors interact with and conduct direct, confidential interviews with consenting current and former persons served in the program(s)/service(s) for which the organization is seeking accreditation. In addition, as applicable and available, interviews may be conducted with family members and/or representatives of the persons served such as guardians, advocates, or members of their support system.

Interviews are also conducted with individuals associated with the organization, as applicable, which may include:

- The organization's leadership, such as board members, executives, owners, and managers.
- Business unit resources, such as finance and human resources.
- Personnel who serve and directly interact with persons served in the program(s)/service(s) for which the organization is seeking accreditation.
- Other stakeholders, such as referral sources, payers, insurers, and fiscal intermediaries.
- Community constituents and governmental representatives.

Survey Activities

Achieving CARF accreditation involves demonstrating conformance to the applicable CARF standards, evidenced through observable practices, verifiable results over time, and comprehensive supporting documentation. The survey of Florida State Hospital and its program(s)/service(s) consisted of the following activities:

- Confidential interviews and direct interactions, as outlined in the previous section.
- Direct observation of the organization's operations and service delivery practices.
- Observation of the organization's location(s) where services are delivered.
- Review of organizational documents, which may include policies; plans; written procedures; promotional materials; governing documents, such as articles of incorporation and bylaws; financial statements; and other documents necessary to determine conformance to standards.
- Review of documents related to program/service design, delivery, outcomes, and improvement, such as program descriptions, records of services provided, documentation of reviews of program resources and services conducted, and program evaluations.
- Review of records of current and former persons served.

Program(s)/Service(s) Surveyed

The survey addressed by this report is specific to the following program(s)/service(s):

Inpatient Treatment: Mental Health (Adults)

A list of the organization's accredited program(s)/service(s) by location is included at the end of this report.

Representations and Constraints

The accreditation decision and survey findings contained in this report are based on an on-balance consideration of the information obtained by the surveyor(s) during the site survey. Any information that was unavailable, not presented, or outside the scope of the survey was not considered and, had it been considered, may have affected the contents of this report. If at any time CARF subsequently learns or has reason to believe that the organization did not participate in the accreditation process in good faith or that any information presented was not accurate, truthful, or complete, CARF may modify the accreditation decision, up to and including revocation of accreditation.

Survey Findings

This report provides a summary of the organization's strengths and identifies the sections of the CARF standards that were applied on the survey and the findings in each area. In conjunction with its evaluation of conformance to the specific program/service standards, CARF assessed conformance to its business practice standards, referred to as Section 1. ASPIRE to Excellence, which are designed to support the delivery of the program(s)/service(s) within a sound business operating framework to promote long-term success.

The specific standards applied from each section vary based on a variety of factors, including, but not limited to, the scope(s) of the program(s)/service(s), population(s) served, location(s), methods of service delivery, and survey type. Information about the specific standards applied on each survey is included in the standards manual and other instructions that may be provided by CARF.

Areas of Strength

CARF found that Florida State Hospital demonstrated the following strengths:

- Florida State Hospital maintains a solid reputation with stakeholders, who expressed appreciation for the
 organization's collaborative, transparent, and respectful qualities as a community partner and a provider of
 quality services and supports. The administration is highly respected and works well within the system for
 positive change. Stakeholders expressed appreciation for the responsiveness and communication skills of the
 organization
- Florida State Hospital employs a staff of dedicated individuals who are enthusiastic about the mission of the
 organization and demonstrate this enthusiasm in their interactions with one another, the persons served, and
 external stakeholders. A significant number of key staff members have been with the organization for extended
 periods of time, leading to consistency of services and stability within the organization.
- Florida State Hospital recognizes staff members for doing an exceptional job through a Resident Choice Award, which is awarded monthly. The staff member selected receives a certificate and a gift and has their picture taken and displayed in the monthly publication.

- Florida State Hospital has an extensive footprint in the community, and its facilities and operations are deeply rooted as a significant piece of Chattachoochee's history. The organization has worked diligently to secure grant funding to maintain, preserve, and restore the historical buildings on its campus in order to ensure that the past is preserved for the future.
- Florida State Hospital is complimented for the manner in which it conducted operations and inventiveness during the COVID-19 pandemic and the recovery efforts related to Hurricane Michael. The organization creatively used its space and resources to ensure that services were not disrupted. It continued to make ongoing performance improvement a priority while ensuring the health and safety of the patients, staff members, and other stakeholders. The organization is also commended for its compassionate support of the staff members and the community post Hurricane Michael, including providing shelter and food and meeting other basic needs.
- Staff members are invested in their work, as evidenced by their positive, respectful, and proactive attitudes and their thoughtfulness.
- Staff members are experienced, very professional, and genuinely concerned about the persons served.
- There is an atmosphere of mutual respect and congeniality between the divisions and the teams work well together.
- The organization is recognized for its use of evidence-based practices as part of the services available to patients. During patient interviews, when asked what their favorite part of their day or class, several mentioned illness management and recovery, relapse prevention, one-on-one counseling, and using computer software to learn how to type. One patient mentioned, that previous to the COVID-19 pandemic, he had completed the Wellness Recovery and Action Plan sessions and would like to see them come back.
- There are patient government representatives for units in the hospital. Patients come to the representative with
 requests or complaints that are documented and then presented directly to staff at a monthly meeting.
 Examples of issues include recreational activities, abiding by or changes in rules, use of the canteen, food
 preparation, requests for special events, clarification of freedom of movement, etc. After the monthly meeting,
 requests are reviewed by appropriate staff and the patient representatives are notified about decisions affecting
 the specific unit and issues affecting all the units.
- During the virtual tour, it was observed there are posters displayed in common areas that, if anyone needing or wanting to contact a patient advocate, the poster clearly identified the phone number for each unit and how to call using the hospital telephone or by contacting the unit representative, who are on all units of the hospital.
- The organization recognizes the value that peer support specialist add to programming throughout the hospital. Peer support specialist provide classes at building 1260 and Freedom House drop-in center, the units for those patients that are confined to their unit. The role of the peer support specialist is to ensure that patients are empowered to take control of their own recovery and encourage an environment where both peer support and patients can share their experiences of what works.
- The rights and responsibility orientation manual provided to patients is very informative. It provides basic information to orient them to their new environment and to help reduce the presence of physical risks. The manual covers such important information that the patients can use. For example, a map of the grounds is easy to find since it is the last page. Other topics include abbreviations and definitions, the safety plan, use of seclusion/restraint, emergency situations, evacuations responsibilities, infection control, dorm government, peer services, and access to religious services.

Opportunities for Quality Improvement

The CARF survey process identifies opportunities for continuous improvement, a core concept of "aspiring to excellence." This section of the report lists the sections of the CARF standards that were applied on the survey, including a description of the business practice area and/or the specific program(s)/service(s) surveyed and a summary of the key areas addressed in that section of the standards.

In this section of the report, a recommendation identifies any standard for which CARF determined that the organization did not meet the minimum requirements to demonstrate full conformance. All recommendations must be addressed in a QIP submitted to CARF.

In addition, consultation may be provided for areas of or specific standards where the surveyor(s) documented suggestions that the organization may consider to improve its business or service delivery practices. Note that consultation may be offered for areas of specific standards that do not have any recommendations. Such consultation does not indicate nonconformance to the standards; it is intended to offer ideas that the organization might find helpful in its ongoing quality improvement efforts. The organization is not required to address consultation.

When CARF surveyors visit an organization, their role is that of independent peer reviewers, and their goal is not only to gather and assess information to determine conformance to the standards, but also to engage in relevant and meaningful consultative dialogue. Not all consultation or suggestions discussed during the survey are noted in this report. The organization is encouraged to review any notes made during the survey and consider the consultation or suggestions that were discussed.

During the process of preparing for a CARF accreditation survey, an organization may conduct a detailed selfassessment and engage in deliberations and discussions within the organization as well as with external stakeholders as it considers ways to implement and use the standards to guide its quality improvement efforts. The organization is encouraged to review these discussions and deliberations as it considers ways to implement innovative changes and further advance its business and service delivery practices.

Section 1. ASPIRE to Excellence®

1.A. Leadership

Description

CARF-accredited organizations identify leadership that embraces the values of accountability and responsibility to the individual organization's stated mission. The leadership demonstrates corporate social responsibility.

Key Areas Addressed

- Leadership structure and responsibilities
- Person-centered philosophy
- Organizational guidance
- Leadership accessibility
- Cultural competency and diversity
- Corporate responsibility
- Organizational fundraising, if applicable

Recommendations

1.A.5.b.(3) 1.A.5.b.(4) 1.A.5.b.(6) 1.A.5.b.(7) 1.A.5.c. 1.A.5.d. The eccentry

The organization has implemented a cultural competency and diversity plan; however, it is recommended that it also be based on the consideration of gender, sexual orientation, socioeconomic status, and language; reviewed at least annually for relevance; and updated as needed.

1.A.6.a.(10)(a) 1.A.6.a.(10)(b) 1.A.6.a.(10)(c) 1.A.6.a.(10)(d)

It is recommended that corporate responsibility efforts also include written ethical codes of conduct in at least the prohibition of waste, fraud, abuse, and other wrongdoing.

Consultation

• It is suggested that the organization evaluate its policies and procedures to streamline overall organizational policies to reduce redundancy and improve communication, productivity, and time management.

1.C. Strategic Planning

Description

CARF-accredited organizations establish a foundation for success through strategic planning focused on taking advantage of strengths and opportunities and addressing weaknesses and threats.

Key Areas Addressed

- Environmental considerations
- Strategic plan development, implementation, and periodic review

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

1.D. Input from Persons Served and Other Stakeholders

Description

CARF-accredited organizations continually focus on the expectations of the persons served and other stakeholders. The standards in this subsection direct the organization's focus to soliciting, collecting, analyzing, and using input from all stakeholders to create services that meet or exceed the expectations of the persons served, the community, and other stakeholders.

Key Areas Addressed

- Collection of input from persons served, personnel, and other stakeholders
- Integration of input into business practices and planning

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

1.E. Legal Requirements

Description

CARF-accredited organizations comply with all legal and regulatory requirements.

Key Areas Addressed

- Compliance with obligations
- Response to legal action
- Confidentiality and security of records

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

1.F. Financial Planning and Management

Description

CARF-accredited organizations strive to be financially responsible and solvent, conducting fiscal management in a manner that supports their mission, values, and performance objectives. Fiscal practices adhere to established accounting principles and business practices. Fiscal management covers daily operational cost management and incorporates plans for long-term solvency.

Key Areas Addressed

- Budgets
- Review of financial results and relevant factors
- Fiscal policies and procedures
- Reviews of bills for services and fee structures, if applicable
- Review/audit of financial statements
- Safeguarding funds of persons served, if applicable

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

1.G. Risk Management

Description

CARF-accredited organizations engage in a coordinated set of activities designed to control threats to their people, property, income, goodwill, and ability to accomplish goals.

Key Areas Addressed

- Risk management plan implementation and periodic review
- Adequate insurance coverage
- Media relations and social media procedures
- Reviews of contract services

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

1.H. Health and Safety

Description

CARF-accredited organizations maintain healthy, safe, and clean environments that support quality services and minimize risk of harm to persons served, personnel, and other stakeholders.

Key Areas Addressed

- Healthy and safe environment
- Competency-based training on health and safety procedures and practices
- Emergency and evacuation procedures
- Access to first aid and emergency information
- Critical incidents
- Infections and communicable diseases
- Health and safety inspections

Recommendations

1.H.10.f.(1) 1.H.10.f.(5) 1.H.10.f.(6) 1.H.10.f.(8) 1.H.10.f.(11) 1.H.10.f.(12) 1.H.10.f.(13) 1.H.10.f.(18)

It is recommended that the organization consistently implement written procedures regarding critical incidents that include medication errors, communicable disease, infection control, use and unauthorized possession of weapons, vehicular accidents, biohazardous accidents, unauthorized use and possession of legal or illegal substances, and overdose.

Consultation

• It is suggested that the organization ensure that the written emergency procedures and first aid supplies are also available in the golf carts used on site.

1.I. Workforce Development and Management

Description

CARF-accredited organizations demonstrate that they value their human resources and focus on aligning and linking human resources processes, procedures, and initiatives with the strategic objectives of the organization. Organizational effectiveness depends on the organization's ability to develop and manage the knowledge, skills,

abilities, and behavioral expectations of its workforce. The organization describes its workforce, which is often composed of a diverse blend of human resources. Effective workforce development and management promote engagement and organizational sustainability and foster an environment that promotes the provision of services that center on enhancing the lives of persons served.

Key Areas Addressed

- Composition of workforce
- Ongoing workforce planning
- Verification of backgrounds/credentials/fitness for duty
- Workforce engagement and development
- Performance appraisals
- Succession planning

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

Consultation

While the organization has succession planning documents and a plan in place, it is suggested that the information be organized with headings, such as its future workforce needs, identification of key positions, identification of the competencies required by key positions, review of talent in the current workforce, identification of workforce readiness, gap analysis, and strategic development, to assist with seamless implementation if the plan is applied.

1.J. Technology

Description

Guided by leadership and a shared vision, CARF-accredited organizations are committed to exploring and, within their resources, acquiring and implementing technology systems and solutions that will support and enhance:

- Business processes and practices.
- Privacy and security of protected information.
- Service delivery.
- Performance management and improvement.
- Satisfaction of persons served, personnel, and other stakeholders.

Key Areas Addressed

- Ongoing assessment of technology and data use, including input from stakeholders
- Technology and system plan implementation and periodic review
- Technology policies and procedures
- Written procedures for the use of information and communication technologies (ICT) in service delivery, if applicable
- ICT instruction and training, if applicable
- Provision of information related to ICT, if applicable
- Maintenance of ICT equipment, if applicable
- Emergency procedures that address unique aspects of service delivery via ICT, if applicable

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

1.K. Rights of Persons Served

Description

CARF-accredited organizations protect and promote the rights of all persons served. This commitment guides the delivery of services and ongoing interactions with the persons served.

Key Areas Addressed

- Policies that promote rights of persons served
- Communication of rights to persons served
- Formal complaints by persons served

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

1.L. Accessibility

Description

CARF-accredited organizations promote accessibility and the removal of barriers for the persons served and other stakeholders.

Key Areas Addressed

- Assessment of accessibility needs and identification of barriers
- Accessibility plan implementation and periodic review
- Requests for reasonable accommodations

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

1.M. Performance Measurement and Management

Description

CARF-accredited organizations demonstrate a culture of accountability by developing and implementing performance measurement and management plans that produce information an organization can act on to improve results for the persons served, other stakeholders, and the organization itself.

The foundation for successful performance measurement and management includes:

- Leadership accountability and support.
- Mission-driven measurement.
- A focus on results achieved for the persons served.
- Meaningful engagement of stakeholders.
- An understanding of extenuating and influencing factors that may impact performance.
- A workforce that is knowledgeable about and engaged in performance measurement and management.
- An investment in resources to implement performance measurement and management.
- Measurement and management of business functions to sustain and enhance the organization.

Key Areas Addressed

- Leadership accountability for performance measurement and management
- Identification of gaps and opportunities related to performance measurement and management
- Input from stakeholders
- Performance measurement and management plan
- Identification of objectives and performance indicators for service delivery
- Identification of objectives and performance indicators for priority business functions
- Personnel training on performance measurement and management

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

Consultation

• It is suggested that the organization organize performance measurement and management information for service delivery and business function in one place with a grid to track objectives and performance indicators and all related information for ease of use in tracking and monitoring.

1.N. Performance Improvement

Description

CARF-accredited organizations demonstrate a culture of performance improvement through their commitment to proactive and ongoing review, analysis, reflection on their results in both service delivery and business functions, and transparency. The results of performance analysis are used to identify and implement data-driven actions to improve the quality of programs and services and to inform decision making. Performance information that is accurate and understandable to the target audience is shared with persons served, personnel, and other stakeholders in accordance with their interests and needs.

Key Areas Addressed

- Analysis of service delivery performance
- Analysis of business function performance
- Identification of areas needing performance improvement
- Implementation of action plans
- Use of performance information to improve program/service quality and make decisions
- Communication of performance information

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

Section 2. General Program Standards

Description

For an organization to achieve quality services, the persons served are active participants in the planning, prioritization, implementation, and ongoing evaluation of the services offered. A commitment to quality and the involvement of the persons served span the entire time that the persons served are involved with the organization. The service planning process is individualized, establishing goals and objectives that incorporate the unique strengths, needs, abilities, and preferences of the persons served. The persons served have the opportunity to transition easily through a system of care.

2.A. Program/Service Structure

Description

A fundamental responsibility of the organization is to provide a comprehensive program structure. The staffing is designed to maximize opportunities for the persons served to obtain and participate in the services provided.

Key Areas Addressed

- Written program plan
- Crisis intervention provided
- Medical consultation
- Services relevant to diversity
- Assistance with advocacy and support groups
- Team composition/duties
- Relevant education
- Clinical supervision
- Family participation encouraged

Recommendations

2.A.26.a.

- 2.A.26.b.(1)
- 2.A.26.b.(2)
- 2.A.26.b.(3)
- 2.A.26.b.(4)
- 2.A.26.b.(5)
- 2.A.26.b.(6) 2.A.26.b.(7)
- 2.A.26.b.(7) 2.A.26.b.(8)
- 2.A.26.c.

The ongoing supervision of clinical or direct services personnel should consistently be documented and address accuracy of assessment and referral skills; the appropriateness of the treatment or service intervention selected relative to the specific needs of each persons served; treatment/service effectiveness as reflected by the persons served meeting goals identified in the person-centered plan; risk factors for suicide and other dangerous behaviors; issues of ethics, legal aspects of clinical practice, and professional standards, including boundaries; clinical documentation issues identified through ongoing compliance review; cultural competency issues; and model fidelity, when implementing evidence-based practices. Ongoing supervision of clinical or direct service personnel should also provide feedback to personnel that enhances skills.

Consultation

Although the organization has a supervision guide that outlines appropriate policies and procedures to conduct and document supervision for clinical or direct service personnel, to date it has not been fully implemented. It is suggested that the leadership team review the sample forms provided that contain elements that could be added to several of the organization's existing clinical document forms to make it easier for the organization to demonstrate conformance to the key elements outlined in the standards

2.B. Screening and Access to Services

Description

The process of screening and assessment is designed to determine a person's eligibility for services and the organization's ability to provide those services. A person-centered assessment process helps to maximize opportunities for the persons served to gain access to the organization's programs and services. Each person served



is actively involved in, and has a significant role in, the assessment process. Assessments are conducted in a manner that identifies the historical and current information of the person served as well as the person's strengths, needs, abilities, and preferences. Assessment data may be gathered through various means including face-to-face contact, telehealth, or written material; and from various sources including the person served, family or significant others, or from external resources.

Key Areas Addressed

- Screening process described in policies and procedures
- Ineligibility for services
- Admission criteria
- Orientation information provided regarding rights, grievances, services, fees, etc.
- Waiting list
- Primary and ongoing assessments
- Reassessments

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

2.C. Person-Centered Plans

Description

Each person served is actively involved in and has a significant role in the person-centered planning process and determining the direction of the plan. The person-centered plan contains goals and objectives that incorporate the unique strengths, needs, abilities, and preferences of the person served, as well as identified challenges and potential solutions. The planning process is person-directed and person-centered. The person-centered plan may also be referred to as an individual service plan, treatment plan, or plan of care. In a family-centered program, the plan may be for the family and identified as a family-centered plan.

Key Areas Addressed

- Person-centered planning process
- Co-occurring disabilities/disorders
- Person-centered goals and objectives
- Designated person coordinates services

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

2.D. Transition/Discharge

Description

Transition, continuing care, or discharge planning assists the persons served to move from one level of care to another within the organization or to obtain services that are needed but are not available within the organization. The transition process is planned with the active participation of each person served. Transition may include planned discharge, placement on inactive status, movement to a different level of service or intensity of contact, or a re-entry program in a criminal justice system.

The transition plan is a document developed with and for the person served and other interested participants to guide the person served in activities following transition/discharge to support the gains made during program participation. It is prepared with the active participation of the person served when transitioning to another level of care, after-care program, or community-based services. The transition plan is meant to be a plan that the person served uses to identify the support that is needed to prevent a recurrence of symptoms or reduction in functioning. It is expected that the person served receives a copy of the transition plan.

A discharge summary is a clinical document written by the program personnel who are involved in the services provided to the person served and is completed when the person leaves the organization (planned or unplanned). It is a document that is intended for the record of the person served and released, with appropriate authorization, to describe the course of services that the organization provided and the response by the person served.

Just as the assessment is critical to the success of treatment, the transition services are critical for the support of the individual's ongoing recovery or well-being. The organization proactively attempts to connect the persons served with the receiving service provider and contact the persons served after formal transition or discharge to gather needed information related to their post-discharge status. Discharge information is reviewed to determine the effectiveness of its services and whether additional services were needed.

Transition planning may be included as part of the person-centered plan. The transition plan and/or discharge summary may be a combined document or part of the plan for the person served as long as it is clear whether the information relates to transition or pre-discharge planning or identifies the person's discharge or departure from the program.

Key Areas Addressed

- Referral or transition to other services
- Active participation of persons served
- Transition planning at earliest point
- Unplanned discharge referrals
- Plan addresses strengths, needs, abilities, preferences
- Follow-up for persons discharged for aggressiveness

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

2.E. Medication Use

Description

Medication use is the practice of controlling, administering, and/or prescribing medications to persons served in response to specific symptoms, behaviors, or conditions for which the use of medications is indicated and deemed efficacious. The use of medication is one component of treatment directed toward maximizing the functioning of the persons served while reducing their specific symptoms. Prior to the use of medications other therapeutic interventions should be considered, except in circumstances that call for a more urgent intervention.

Medication use includes all prescribed medications, whether or not the program is involved in prescribing, and may include over-the-counter or alternative medications. Alternative medications can include herbal or mineral supplements, vitamins, homeopathic remedies, hormone therapy, or culturally specific treatments.

Medication control is identified as the process of physically controlling, storing, transporting, and disposing of medications, including those self-administered by the person served.

Medication administration is the preparing and giving of prescription and nonprescription medications by authorized and trained personnel to the person served. Self-administration is the application of a medication (whether by oral ingestion, injection, inhalation, or other means) by the person served to the individual's own body. This may include the program storing the medication for the person served, personnel handing the bottle or prepackaged medication dose to the person served, instructing or verbally prompting the person served to take the medication, coaching the person served through the steps to ensure proper adherence, and/or closely observing the person served self-administering the medication.

Prescribing is the result of an evaluation that determines if there is a need for medication and what medication is to be used in the treatment of the person served. Prior to providing a prescription for medication, the prescriber obtains the informed consent of the individual authorized to consent to treatment and, if applicable, the assent of the person served. Prescription orders may be verbal or written and detail what medication should be given to whom, in what formulation and dose, by what route, when, how frequently, and for what length of time.

Key Areas Addressed

- Scope of medication services provided by the program(s) seeking accreditation
- Education and training provided to direct service personnel at orientation and at least annually

• Education and training provided to persons served, family members, and others identified by the persons served, in accordance with identified needs

• Written procedures that address medication control, administration, and/or prescribing, as applicable to the program

■ Use of treatment guidelines and protocols to promote prescribing consistent with standards of care, if applicable to the program

■ Peer review of prescribing practices, if applicable to the program

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

2.F. Promoting Nonviolent Practices

Description

CARF-accredited programs strive to create learning environments for the persons served and to support the development of skills that build and strengthen resiliency and well-being. The establishment of quality relationships between personnel and the persons served provides the foundation for a safe and nurturing environment. Providers are mindful of creating an environment that cultivates:

- Engagement.
- Partnership.
- Holistic approaches.
- Nurturance.
- Respect.
- Hope.
- Self direction.

It is recognized that persons served may require support to fully benefit from their services. This may include, but is not limited to, praise and encouragement, verbal prompts, written expectations, clarity of rules and expectations, or environmental supports.



Even with support there are times when persons served may demonstrate signs of fear, anger, or pain that could lead to unsafe behaviors. Personnel are trained to recognize and respond to these behaviors through various interventions, such as changes to the physical environment, sensory-based calming strategies, engagement in meaningful activities, redirection, active listening, approaches that have been effective for the individual in the past, etc. When these interventions are not effective in de-escalating a situation and there is imminent risk to the person served or others, seclusion or restraint may be used to ensure safety. Seclusion and restraint are never considered treatment interventions; they are always considered actions of last resort.

As the use of seclusion or restraint creates potential physical and psychological risks to the persons subject to the interventions, to the personnel who administer them, and to those who witness the practice, an organization that utilizes seclusion or restraint should have the elimination thereof as its goal.

Seclusion refers to restriction of the person served to a segregated room or space with the person's freedom to leave physically restricted. Voluntary time out is not considered seclusion, even though the voluntary time out may occur in response to verbal direction; the person served is considered in seclusion only if freedom to leave the segregated room or space is denied.

Restraint is the use of physical force or mechanical means to temporarily limit a person's freedom of movement; chemical restraint is the involuntary emergency administration of medication as an immediate response to a dangerous behavior. The following are not considered restraints for the purposes of this section of standards:

- Assistive devices used for persons with physical or medical needs.
- Briefly holding a person served, without undue force, for the purpose of comforting the individual or to prevent self-injurious behavior or injury to others.
- Holding a person's hand or arm to safely guide the individual from one area to another or away from another person.
- Security doors designed to prevent elopement or wandering.
- Security measures for forensic purposes, such as the use of handcuffs instituted by law enforcement personnel. When permissible, consideration is given to removal of physical restraints while the person is receiving services in the behavioral healthcare setting.
- In a correctional setting, the use of seclusion or restraint for purposes of security.

Seclusion or restraint by trained and competent personnel is used only when other, less restrictive measures have been ineffective to protect the person served or others from unsafe behavior. Peer restraint is not an acceptable alternative to restraint by personnel. Seclusion or restraint is not used as a means of coercion, discipline, convenience, or retaliation or in lieu of adequate programming or staffing.

Key Areas Addressed

- Policy addressing how the program will respond to unsafe behaviors of persons served
- Competency-based training for direct service personnel on the prevention of unsafe behaviors
- Policies on the program's use of seclusion and restraint, if applicable
- Competency-based training for personnel involved in the direct administration of seclusion and restraint, if applicable
- Plan for elimination of the use of seclusion and restraint, if applicable
- Written procedures regarding orders for and the use of seclusion and restraint, if applicable
- Review and analysis of the use of seclusion and restraint, if applicable

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

Consultation

- It is suggested that the mechanical restraints be stored in a place to be accessible easily for personnel.
- It is suggested that Florida State Hospital add focus groups with staff members to discuss the overall trends and contributing factors to the use of seclusion and/or restraints and ways to avoid them in future situations.

2.G. Records of the Persons Served

Description

A complete and accurate record is developed to ensure that all appropriate individuals have access to relevant clinical and other information regarding each person served.

Key Areas Addressed

- Confidentiality
- Timeframes for entries to records
- Individual record requirements
- Duplicate records

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

2.H. Quality Records Management

Description

The organization implements systems and procedures that provide for the ongoing monitoring of the quality, appropriateness, and utilization of the services provided. This is largely accomplished through a systematic review of the records of the persons served. The review assists the organization in improving the quality of services provided to each person served.

Key Areas Addressed

- Quarterly professional review
- Review current and closed records
- Items addressed in quarterly review
- Use of information to improve quality of services

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

Section 3. Core Treatment Program Standards

Description

The standards in this section address the unique characteristics of each type of core program area. Behavioral health programs are organized and designed to provide services for persons who have or who are at risk of having psychiatric disorders, harmful involvement with alcohol or other drugs, or other addictions or who have other behavioral health needs. Through a team approach, and with the active and ongoing participation of the persons

served, the overall goal of each program is to improve the quality of life and the functional abilities of the persons served. Each program selected for accreditation demonstrates cultural competency and relevance. Family members and significant others are involved in the programs of the persons served as appropriate and to the extent possible.

3.J. Inpatient Treatment (IT)

Description

Inpatient treatment programs provide interdisciplinary, coordinated, integrated, medically supervised services in freestanding or hospital settings. Inpatient treatment programs include a comprehensive, biopsychosocial approach to service delivery in a managed milieu that is recovery focused and trauma informed. There are daily therapeutic and other activities in which the persons served participate. Inpatient treatment is provided 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. The goal of inpatient treatment is to provide a protective environment that includes medical stabilization, support, treatment for psychiatric and/or addictive disorders, supervision, wellness, and transition to ongoing services. Such programs operate in designated space that allows for appropriate medical treatment and engagement.

Key Areas Addressed

- Medical evaluation
- Timely assessments and treatment planning
- Medically directed
- Well-coordinated and comprehensive services

Recommendations

3.J.20.a. 3.J.20.b.(1) 3.J.20.b.(2) 3.J.20.b.(3) 3.J.20.b.(4) 3.J.20.b.(5)(a) 3.J.20.b.(5)(b) 3.J.20.b.(5)(c) 3.J.20.b.(5)(d)

Although the organization collects data annually, it is recommended that the program identify an indicator to measure engagement of the persons served in ongoing services post discharge and at least annually addresses performance in relationship to an established target; trends; actions for improvement; results of performance improvement plans; and necessary education and training of persons served, families/support systems, personnel, and other stakeholders, as appropriate.

Program(s)/Service(s) by Location

Florida State Hospital

100 North Main Street Chattahoochee, FL 32324

Inpatient Treatment: Mental Health (Adults)